



Micro Cap Opportunities

First Quarter 2022

RHJ's **Micro Cap Opportunities** Strategy employs a fundamental, bottom-up analytical process to identify companies that meet three primary criteria: high earnings growth, high or improving return-on-invested capital (ROIC), and sustainable competitive advantages. Our philosophy is rooted in historical analysis indicating the high relative return potential of these factors in combination. We believe that superior results can be achieved by owning companies that exhibit not only high earnings growth, but also the ability to sustainably generate high ROIC over long periods of time. Our investment universe consists of companies with market capitalizations \$2.2 billion and below at the time of purchase.¹

STRATEGY OVERVIEW

March 31, 2022

Inception Date:	September 1, 2006
Benchmark:	Russell Microcap Growth
Assets:	\$242 Million
Avg. Composition:	50-70 stocks
Management:	<p>Lou Holtz, CFA 30 yrs industry experience</p> <p>Yossi Lipsker, CFA 27 yrs industry experience</p>

VALUE PROPOSITION

LONG TERM-ORIENTED

Long-term focus affords time and opportunity to develop an **informational edge** on companies and their management teams

QUALITY-FOCUSED

We invest in companies that generate **high or improving return-on-invested capital** in addition to having what we consider **sustainable competitive advantages**

RISK-CONTROLLED

Seek to structure portfolio weightings on a risk-adjusted basis in our **highest-conviction ideas**

COMPOSITE PERFORMANCE

As of March 31, 2022
Calculated in U.S. Dollars

	1Q22	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years	SI*
Micro Cap Opportunities [Gross]	-8.03%	-6.50%	6.51%	9.45%	9.97%	12.58%	10.88%
Micro Cap Opportunities [Net]	-8.19%	-7.28%	5.59%	8.53%	9.06%	11.63%	9.76%
Russell Microcap Growth Index	-13.71%	-25.51%	9.05%	7.97%	5.61%	9.34%	6.81%

*Since Inception: September 01, 2006

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Composite returns are shown both gross and net of fees in U.S. dollars. Rice Hall James & Associates, LLC's compliance with the GIPS standards has been verified for the period January 1, 1993 through December 31, 2020.

INVESTMENT PROCESS

The heart of our process is bottom-up analysis at the company level. The portfolio managers conduct fundamental research on every company held in the portfolio. As generalists each with over twenty years of investment experience, both bring to bear extensive knowledge of the companies they own or follow, understanding of industries, and general expertise on the small cap landscape in various market environments.

Cornerstones of our bottom-up fundamental investment process include:

- Clear understanding of a firm's competitive context and advantages
- Assessment of the sustainability characteristics of the underlying business
- Emphasis on high or improving ROIC; a clear sense of the future direction of ROIC
- Estimation of ability to generate and grow free cash flow over life of the investment
- Valuation that we believe affords a reasonable return over investment horizon
- Scrutiny of company management, ability to identify/execute on the right plan

¹The selection universe consists of companies with market capitalizations \$2.2 billion and below. This range is re-evaluated each year at the time of reconstitution of the Russell Microcap Growth Index. Please refer to additional disclosures at the end of this document.



Micro Cap Opportunities

First Quarter 2022

FIRM HIGHLIGHTS

March 31, 2022

Research-driven firm founded in 1974

Firm AUM + AUA: \$2.9 billion¹

OWNERSHIP

- Independent and 100% employee-owned
- RHJ is focused solely on investment management with no other lines of business

PERSONNEL

- 31 employees, including 12 owners averaging 29 years of industry experience and 21 years with Rice Hall James
- Stable, long-term leadership emphasizing retention of talent, preservation of culture

RHJ CLIENTS

- Clients include leading Foundations/ Endowments, Corporations, Multi Employers, Public Funds, Hospitals and Financial Institutions

CHARACTERISTICS

As of March 31, 2022

	RHJ Micro Cap Opportunities	Russell Microcap Growth Index
Number of Holdings	64	1,095
Portfolio Turnover (3 year annual average)	30.8%	-
Long-Term Earnings Growth Forecast	18.2%	16.0%
P/E - 1 Year Forecast ¹	15.3	13.1
Return on Equity (5 years)	-3.1%	-34.8%
Weighted Median Market Cap (billion)	\$1.10	\$0.67
Weighted Average Market Cap (billion)	\$1.17	\$0.82
Alpha (5 years)	2.96	-
Beta (5 years)	0.79	-
Standard Deviation (5 years)	21.46	24.95
Information Ratio (5 years)	0.15	-
Active Share	94.4%	-

Sources: FactSet & eVestment Analytics

¹P/E Ratio calculation excludes companies with negative earnings.

The information above is based on a representative account. Please see important disclosure information at the end of this presentation regarding the indices shown above.

PORTFOLIO SECTOR WEIGHTING

As of March 31, 2022	Industrials	Financials	Consumer Staples	Comm. Services	Consumer Disc.	Energy	Utilities	Materials	Real Estate	Info. Tech.	Health Care	Cash
Micro Cap Opportunities	14.4%	8.7%	2.4%	0.4%	16.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	20.0%	34.7%	2.9%
Russell Microcap Growth	12.2%	3.2%	2.2%	1.8%	15.1%	5.7%	0.7%	3.7%	2.8%	16.1%	36.7%	0.0%
Active Weights	2.2%	5.5%	0.2%	-1.4%	1.1%	-5.7%	-0.7%	-3.4%	-2.8%	3.9%	-2.0%	2.9%

Sector Weightings Sources: FactSet & GICS Sector Classification

The information above is based on a representative account. Sector weightings may not add up to 100% due to rounding. Please see important disclosure information at the end of this presentation regarding the indices and sector classification shown above.

¹Assets include assets under management and assets under advisement.



Disclosures

Risk - The market value of stocks will fluctuate with market conditions, and small cap and micro cap stock prices generally will move up and down more than large cap stock prices. Small cap and micro cap stocks may be subject to a higher degree of risk than more established (large cap) companies' securities. The illiquidity of the small cap and micro cap market may adversely affect the value of client investments. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

GICS Sector Classification - The Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS®) was developed by and is the exclusive property and a trademark of S&P and MSCI. Neither MSCI, S&P nor any other party involved in making or compiling any GICS classifications makes any express or implied warranties or representations with respect to such standard or classification (or the results to be obtained by the use thereof), and all such parties hereby expressly disclaim all warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose with respect to any of such standard or classification. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall MSCI, S&P, any of their affiliates or any third party involved in making or compiling any GICS classifications have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential or any other damages (including lost profits) even if notified of the possibility of such damages.

Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC

Glossary

Active Share - This is a measure of the percentage of stock holdings in the portfolio that differs from the benchmark index. Active Share is calculated by taking the sum of the absolute value of the differences of the weight of each holding in the portfolio versus the weight of each holding in the benchmark index and dividing by two.

Alpha - The incremental return of a manager when the market is stationary. In other words, it is the extra return due to nonmarket factors. This risk-adjusted factor takes into account both the performance of the market as a whole and the volatility of the manager. A positive alpha indicates that a manager has produced returns above the expected level at that risk level, and vice versa for a negative alpha. Alpha is the Y intercept of the regression line.

Beta - This is a measure of a portfolio's volatility. Statistically, beta is the covariance of the portfolio in relation to the market. A beta of 1.00 implies perfect historical correlation of movement with the market. A higher beta manager will rise and fall more rapidly than the market, whereas a lower beta manager will rise and fall slower. For example, 1.10 beta portfolio has historically been 10% more volatile than the market.

Information Ratio - This statistic is computed by subtracting the return of the market from the return of the manager to determine the excess return. The excess return is then divided by the standard deviation of the excess returns (or Tracking Error) to produce the information ratio. This ratio is a measure of the value added per unit of active risk by a manager over an index. Managers taking on higher levels of risk are expected to then generate higher levels of return, so a positive IR would indicate "efficient" use of risk by a manager. This is similar to the Sharpe Ratio, except this calculation is based on excess rates of return versus a benchmark instead of a risk-free rate.

Long-Term Earnings Growth Forecast - Long Term Growth [LTG] is the annual EPS growth that the company can sustain over the next 3 or 5 years.

P/E Ratio - 1 Year Forecast - A forward-looking valuation measure of a company's common stock, excluding negative earnings. It encapsulates the amount of earnings estimated for next year per dollar of current share price. For the portfolio, the individual P/E stock ratios are then weighted by their respective portfolio market values in order to calculate a weighted average representative of the portfolio as a whole.

Return on Equity - This statistic reflects the amount of net income returned as a percentage of shareholders equity. Return on equity measures a corporation's profitability by revealing how much profit a company generates with the money shareholders have invested. Net income is for the full fiscal year (before dividends paid to common stock holders but after dividends to preferred stock.)

Standard Deviation - This is a measure of the average deviations of a return series from its mean; often used as a risk measure. A large standard deviation implies that there have been large swings or volatility in the manager's return series.

Glossary Sources: FactSet & eVestment Analytics